Chapter 3.18
A Knowledge Integration Approach for Organizational Decision Support

Kee-Young Kwahk
Kookmin University, Korea

Hee-Woong Kim
National University of Singapore, Singapore

Hock Chuan Chan
National University of Singapore, Singapore

ABSTRACT
This study proposes a new methodology that facilitates organizational decision support through knowledge integration across organizational units. For this purpose, this study develops a decision support loop and explains how to organize individual knowledge related to a specific business problem and formulate and test the organized knowledge using cognitive modeling techniques for decision support. This study discusses the proposed approach in the context of an application case involving a beverage company. The application case shows the validity and usefulness of the proposed approach.

INTRODUCTION
Knowledge management (KM) can be defined as the uncovering and managing of various levels of knowledge within individuals and teams and within an organization. The aim of KM is to improve organizational performance. One of the prerequisites for successful KM is an appreciation of what Nonaka (1994) described as “tacit” knowledge. Effective KM requires such “tacit” knowledge to be transformed into “explicit” knowledge and then organized accordingly (Brown & Dugid, 1998). Integrating individual knowledge from diverse areas into organizational knowledge leads not only to new knowledge but also to new understanding (Cai,
A Knowledge Integration Approach for Organizational Decision Support

2006; Huber, 1991; Siau 2000). This in turn helps decision makers choose the appropriate action to achieve organizational goals (Brown & Dugid, 1998; King, 2006; Stein, 1995).

However, competitive advantage results from applying knowledge, rather than knowledge itself (Alavi & Leidner, 2001). However, most KM research (Davenport, De Long, & Beers, 1998; Grover & Davenport, 2001; Kankanhalli, Tan, & Wei, 2005; Lee & Kim, 2001; Sambamurthy & Subramanu, 2005; Xu, Tan, & Yang, 2006) has focused on identifying, storing and sharing knowledge for efficient and effective transaction processing. There has been little research into the application of organizational knowledge or KM in the core business management tasks of decision making and strategy development. Yet the scope of knowledge application in these top-level tasks is organization wide. Knowledge application at this level, therefore, would influence organizational performance even more than knowledge management in transactions processing, where the scope is more localized. The research gap shows the need to shift the focus away from obtaining and storing knowledge to using it appropriately for business decision making.

Based on the research needs outlined above, this study aims to propose a new methodology for organizational decision support through knowledge integration across organizational units. Bridging the gap between having knowledge and using it is a very valuable endeavour, both for theorists from the descriptive perspective and for practitioners from the normative perspective. For this purpose, this study develops a decision support loop. The developed decision support loop explains (1) how to organize individual knowledge related to a specific business problem using cognitive modeling, and (2) formulate and test the problem reflected in the organized knowledge using cognitive matrix and causal path identification for decision support. We apply the proposed approach to a decision support case of a beverage company. The application case shows the validity and usefulness of the proposed approach.

This paper is organized as follows. First, we propose a decision support loop formed by integrating individual knowledge as it resides in mental models into an organizational model. Next, we compare the approach of this study with other approaches. We then discuss the proposed model based on its application to a real-world managerial problem.

**DECISION SUPPORT THROUGH KNOWLEDGE INTEGRATION**

This study proposes a decision support loop through knowledge integration across multiple knowledge sources, as illustrated in Figure 1. Based on an identified managerial problem, individual knowledge is gathered and then integrated into organizational knowledge, which captures

*Figure 1. Decision support loop*
Related Content

Sustainable Competitive Advantage from Information Technology: Limitations of the Value Chain
www.igi-global.com/chapter/sustainable-competitive-advantage-information-technology/29759?camid=4v1a

Exploring the Factors of Customer Retention in Mobile Sector
Irene Samanta (2012). International Journal of Strategic Information Technology and Applications (pp. 36-46).
www.igi-global.com/article/exploring-factors-customer-retention-mobile/67349?camid=4v1a

Information Technology Adoption and the Role of Organizational Readiness: The Case of an Indian Bank
www.igi-global.com/chapter/information-technology-adoption-role-organizational/36762?camid=4v1a

Structural Epochs in Software
www.igi-global.com/article/structural-epochs-in-software/122825?camid=4v1a