Establishing Service Management in SOA

Carsten Kleiner, Hannover University of Applied Sciences and Arts, Germany
Jürgen Dunkel, Hannover University of Applied Sciences and Arts, Germany

ABSTRACT
In service-oriented architectures the management of services is a crucial task during all stages of IT operations. Based on a case study performed for a group of finance companies the different aspects of service management are presented. First, the paper discusses how services must be described for management purposes. In particular, a special emphasis is placed on the integration of legacy/non web services. Secondly, the service lifecycle that underlies service management is presented. Especially, the relation to SOA governance and an appropriate tool support by registry repositories is outlined.

Keywords: Service Lifecycle, Service Management, Service Monitoring, Service Registry, Service Repository, Service Semantics

INTRODUCTION
Moving to service-oriented architecture (SOA) introduces a completely new structure of enterprise IT (Krafzig et al., 2004). For each application in the enterprise reusable services must be defined encapsulating the implementation platforms and technologies used. Subsequently, these services can be orchestrated by process languages as BPEL (OASIS, 2007) or BPMN (OMG, 2011) to compose complex and application spanning business processes that realize the different business strategies (Figure 1).

Introducing SOA causes a paradigm shift: In SOA, reusable services are the crucial components of IT infrastructure. A service portfolio that is under continual development serves as the integration platform for enterprise-wide business processes. Managing the service portfolio is an essential task during IT operations. From a general perspective, moving to SOA let an enterprise substitute application and technology management by service management.

As one major goal SOA fosters the reuse of already existing services. Particularly, service management has to support all aspects of service-reuse. Especially, it has to deal with the following issues:

- **Finding a service**: Software developers and business process designers need decent support to decide whether the service portfolio contains an appropriate re-usable service. Otherwise, a new enterprise-wide usable service must be commissioned.

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• **Selecting a service version:** If a suitable service has been found, the appropriate version of the service must be selected. Services will usually change over time so that different versions will co-exist. Version control regarding dependencies and incompatibilities between different service versions is indispensable for managing huge service portfolios. Therefore, change management is a significant aspect of service management.

• **Providing service access:** After the adequate version of a service has been chosen, the software developer must be provided with all information necessary to invoke the service, e.g., service signature, transport protocols and service endpoints.

• **Tool support:** Big enterprises might have to administer several hundreds of services with a few thousands of operations. Due to the huge number of services, an appropriate tool support is indispensable. A service registry-repository must provide all necessary artifacts to find, understand and manage the services.

In summary, the real challenge in SOA-based enterprise IT is not developing a single service, but managing a huge amount of continuously changing services.

In this paper we want to present the results of a project we realized together with five enterprises from the financial sector. The main goal was to study and evaluate different concepts for service management. We laid the emphasis on a pragmatic approach, i.e., the objective was a service management process that could be easily established in the different
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