Chapter 11
Homeland Security
Information Technology and Engineering (ITE) Professional Development Training for Educators in Urban High Schools

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This chapter focuses on an Information Technology and Engineering (ITE) professional development training project designed to increase the number of teachers in an urban school district with proficient skills, tools, and content knowledge in computer/information technology, engineering technology, and technical certifications that will support students in Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM) fields. Through this process, high school teachers will use tools, resources, and training to understand homeland security issues and career opportunities for students in their schools. A cohort of STEM teachers from an urban school district located in Baltimore City participated in a professional development workshop that included information technology, engineering, and homeland defense education to support students pursuing technical careers in these areas. The training addressed
deficiencies in content knowledge of homeland security issues and research linked to the high school STEM curriculum homeland security career opportunities available to high school students. The overall goal of the ITE profession development training was designed to increase the technical proficiency of STEM teachers in urban high schools serving historically underserved students to support students in Information Technology (IT), engineering, and homeland security careers, thus nurturing a homeland security science and engineering workforce.

**SETTING THE STAGE**

Today’s students require educators who understand and know how to use technology in the classroom. Local Urban Public Schools are committed to graduate all students with the necessary science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) competencies that are needed to become part of the global workforce of problem solvers and innovators, (Maryland State Department of Education, 2001). The National Strategy for Homeland Security support information systems contributions to the country’s national defense. It is imperative that present and future educators learn to use information technology and systems in its most advanced capacity to adequately support the homeland security mission.

The use of instructional technologies as applied to homeland security applications in the classroom will cultivate key components of student learning that include active engagement, participation in group discussions, frequent interactions, feedback, and connections to real-world applications. Instructional technology through the use of computers and the Internet have changed the world rapidly and irreversibly (Gardner, 1993). Our society is in transition from an industrial economy to an information economy and these paradigm shifts will have an impact on the way individuals live, work and educate students.

**CASE DESCRIPTION**

During the first week, the teachers were given an introduction to Homeland Security, 21st Century Skills and project base learning, (Hmleo-Silver, Duncan, & Chinn, 2007). Teachers were awarded an opportunity to interact with various professionals in the Homeland Security industry and learn insightful methods of implementing elements of Homeland Security into their existing curriculum. Teachers were also granted an opportunity to visit the Cryptologic Museum and furthermore expand their knowledge on yet another Homeland Security topic. Finally, teachers began to work on developing project base curriculum that infused Homeland Security topics, projects and elements (Powers & DeWaters, 2004).