Chapter 8
An Overview on Presentation of Entertainment in Newspapers’ Weekend Supplements

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ABSTRACT
Media, as one of the most indispensable instruments of the society, has duties other than informing the society, and entertainment can be regarded as one of these duties. News in newspaper supplements contains suggestions around how individuals can have fun and at the same time what they can do to have fun; in addition, this supplement itself also serves as a source of entertainment. In the context of this chapter, weekend supplements of mass newspapers and opinion newspapers are examined with a content analysis; then qualitative and quantitative findings are evaluated. In this chapter, how entertainment is represented in newspaper supplements and whether there is a difference between mass newspapers and opinion newspapers in the name of entertainment representation is demonstrated. According to this research, publication identities and policies affect news content, and suggestions in news are not fit for all readers.

INTRODUCTION
Individuals in modern life and in their lives that is surrounded by various oppressions and external pressures try to fill their time that is left out from work in by heading towards entertainment. The underlying basic motive for this tendency is to break loose of the stress of life and take a breath, but the capitalist system that the individual is a part of wants them to relax in entertainment time that one fills their spare time, but does not want them to get out of the system.

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organizations. When other entertainment styles are considered, reaching entertainment contents that take part in is made both easier in temporal sense and more reachable in financial sense. At any time that individuals have spare time, they can access to mass media such as television, newspapers, or magazines, and they can spend time with them.

Discussions around the relationship between media and entertainment are held around visual media generally. Visual media products such as television, cinema, and video games are mostly thought as closer to entertainment. As printed media is perceived to be more focused on news, it is not usually associated with entertainment. Where magazines and books are considered with entertainment factor, newspapers can be ignored. Though, newspapers, especially mass newspapers, want individuals to have a good time.

Other than informing society, newspapers also have a duty of entertaining and directing to entertainment. In the specific case of Turkey, supplements that newspapers give out help individuals to have a good and entertaining time, and even supplements of the newspapers that come into the house may be demanded more than the newspaper itself.

Newspaper supplements are related to entertainment in two ways: first, newspaper supplements themselves are a type of entertainment. It is a medium that pledges having a good time for individuals that want to spend their weekend at home. And second, it takes on the task of a guide that orients individuals through the ways of having fun. Newspaper supplements inculcate their readers about where to go, what to eat, what to buy or what to watch.

One of the basic duties of media organizations is to sustain the existing capitalist system and providing individuals to be part of the consumer society. Texts that are represented in the media for the sake of entertainment impose a specific ideology and life style while creating entertainment.

As a result of Turkey’s articulating the neoliberal policies that started to prevail since through 1980s, media suffered from censorship in consequence of the military coup. In the same year a different journalism arose. In a period where most of the world experienced a similar process, an attitude towards the neo-liberal policies faced after the military coup in Turkey was not stroked, then a media which is far from public opposition and which reflects the imposed to society by accepting them emerged. This situation that is specific to Turkey apart from the other parts of the world has significance in terms of the changes experienced in the structure of media.

One of the consequences of changes experienced is change in the structure of newspapers’ ownership and reflection of this change onto newspapers’ management body as well. Executive editors of the newspapers became the representatives of the boss rather than a journalist. This change reflected onto the content of the newspapers too. Especially in early 1990s, “life style” journalism started in newspapers’ weekend supplements. With this type of journalism, a different life style was presented and established to the audience.

This study examines how news that take place in newspaper supplements present entertainment. In the study, it is accepted that newspaper supplements are both an entertainment factor and a medium that gives recommendations to the readers about entertainment. And another topic that will be covered in the study is whether there exists a difference between publication identities of newspapers and entertainment perceptiveness that publication policies present.

In the context of this study, Sunday supplements of six newspapers that are published in Turkey will be examined in one-month period. Three of these newspapers takes place in the extent of opinion newspapers (Zaman, Radikal, Cumhuriyet) and other three in mass newspapers (Habertürk, Hürriyet, Sabah). In addition, Sabah and Zaman, maintains a more conservative attitude because of their ownership structure. The reason why these newspapers are chosen is both to examine how publication identities have an impact