In 1989 the Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education (WICHE) located in Boulder, Colorado, founded the Western Cooperative for Educational Telecommunications (WCET) as a resource for the 15 western states. At the first annual meeting, delegates from outside the WICHE states petitioned to join. The original membership agreed. By 2004, WCET had over 250 members representing 43 states and seven countries. WCET had become an international, member-driven service agency.

WCET’s initial mission was to assist the western states and their higher education institutions integrate telecommunications technology into their academic services. Early projects included brokering electronic degree and certificate programs between states, and sorting out the western states’ regulatory policies to make inter-state distance learning programs more reasonable to operate. The first degree program WCET brokered was the University of Arizona’s Master’s in Library Science. It had students in states where there were no graduate library programs. Students had video and telephone links with the Arizona faculty, and were required to spend a few weeks on the campus in the summer. The US Department of Commerce assisted in funding the brokering program that was run by Russell Poulin. By 1995, in addition to library science, WCET had brokered six degree and certificate programs in the areas of health, information technology, environmental engineering, and space studies.

In the early 1990s WCET worked to make the state regulatory structure easier to navigate for colleges and universities that were willing to offer distance learning outside their own states. In the process, WCET staff discovered the dominant role that regional accrediting played in state regulations. We began working with the regional accreditors, and the Principles of Good Practice that most of the states adopted were also used by the accrediting community to assess distance learning programs.

Emphasis on Good Practice led WCET to a strong focus on students and the services and information they need to have to be successful. With the help of funding from the US Department of Education’s Fund for the Improvement of Post Secondary Education (FIPSE), WCET’s Barbra Krauth surveyed colleges and universities to find good examples of online services. This resulted in a Web tour of the different approaches institutions had for serving distance learning students. Taking this further, Patricia Shea managed a project funded by the US Department of Education’s Learning Anytime, Anyplace Program (LAAP) to assist different types of institutions as they completely re-worked their services to students to take full advantage of the Web. Teams from a research university, a community college, and a private university worked together and on their own campuses with consultants through the transformation process. Regular Webcasts were offered to the higher education community which focused on specific services, and the advances and issues that were emerging for each. The models that the WCET team put together are currently being used to help universities, colleges, and statewide systems improve their Web-based services to students.

After working with the regulatory side of quality in distance learning, WCET staff realized that students also needed to be better informed as they chose a distance learning provider. WCET produced a Consumer’s Guide for potential distance learning students that was distributed through state higher education executive offices; however, not many students contacted those offices when they were seeking a provider. WCET staff decided to work with a commercial publisher, Prentice-Hall, to get information directly to the consumers. The first edition of the Distance Learner’s Guide was published in 1999. Sales were sufficient to have Prentice-Hall request an updated version for a second edition released in 2005. The book was produced by having experts from the WCET membership write the various chapters and using a central editor. The second
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