ABSTRACT

This study addresses the effect of customer relationship management (CRM) practices on online customers’ satisfaction with their experience in interacting with the company Web sites. Recognizing the importance of maintaining a healthy relationship with customers, companies are actively seeking ways to enhance the customer value of their offerings through relationship marketing. Since effective managing of customer relationships essentially involves managing customer information flow, Internet technologies have become an important element of a firm’s CRM program. The company Web site is functioning as the focal point of contact for interacting with existing and prospective customers. An important concern is how the company Web site affects customers’ overall perception of the Web site. Using the concepts of Internet-mediated market orientation in marketing and user satisfaction in information systems, this study formulated and validated a theoretical model to analyze causal relationships between CRM practices, customers’ perception of a Web site’s online customer orientation and online customer Web site satisfaction. Based on the structural equation modeling analysis of the primary data collected in Taiwan, the study found that CRM practices positively impact online customers’ Web site satisfaction through their perception of the Web site’s customer orientation.

Keywords: customer relationship management; e-commerce; e-marketing; Internet-mediated market orientation, online customer Web site satisfaction

BACKGROUND

The Internet technology has evolved into a convenient platform for the development of corporate information infrastructures to support a wide range of innovative business strategies. The open and flexible communication protocols that collectively define today’s Internet technology are now playing a vital role in processing highly distributed transactions, supporting knowledge-intensive decision mak-
ing, and facilitating ambitious organizational collaboration (Turban, King, Lee, & Viehland, 2004). The ubiquitous connectivity and user-friendly interfaces have indeed offered a rich set of technological capabilities, allowing for development of value-creating systems to attract customers (Fahey, Srivastava, Sharon, & Smith, 2001).

In the e-marketing discipline, Internet technology is viewed as “a market space where a firm interacts, makes transactions, and builds relationships with suppliers, distributors, competitors, as well as consumers” (Min, Song, & Keebler, 2002, p. 3). In addition to the functional capabilities, the appeal of Internet technology also comes from the rapid growth of consumer acceptance it has enjoyed since the network was made available for commercial usage. An industry research from Jupiter Research (http://www.find.org.tw/), for example, indicates that annual online retail sales in the United States will reach 65 billion dollars during the year of 2004 and 117 billion dollars for the year of 2008 with the composite annual growth rate of 17%. According to this research, although the growth rate of first-time online shoppers in the United States will slow down as the Internet population saturates, the average purchasing amount is expected to increase steadily as a growing number of customers gain and feel satisfied with their experience with Internet shopping. The strategic role of Internet technology becomes even more obvious as one observes how companies in various sectors are integrating sophisticated knowledge management capabilities (e.g., online communities) into their new product development process and other customer-facing functions (Gebert, Geib, Kolbe, & Brenner, 2003).

A variety of information systems have been used to help with interactions with the customers. Often referred to as CRM systems, these systems are usually integrated under Internet protocols to provide user-friendly interfaces with customers, usually via a company Web site. From customers’ point of view, a company’s Web site represents the company itself. Customer satisfaction with or complaining about the ways the company Web site treats customers can lead to brand loyalty, repurchase intention, and repeat sales (Stefanou et al., 2003). An important concern, therefore, is how online customer’s Web site satisfaction is affected by the company’s CRM practices as demonstrated by its Web site design and management.

In light of the central role played by the Web site in a company’s CRM practices, this study was conducted to examine the correlation and causal relationships between the CRM aspect of Web site design and management and online customers’ satisfaction with their experience of Web site visits. For the purpose of measurement, the study adopts a framework proposed by Min et al. (2002), labeled “Internet-mediated Market Orientation (IMO),” to measure the construct of CRM practices.

The remainder of the article is structured as follows. The Literature Review section briefly describes the concepts of customer relationship management, Internet-mediated market orienta-