MaGate:
An Interoperable, Decentralized and Modular High-Level Grid Scheduler

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ABSTRACT

This work presents the design and architecture of a decentralized grid scheduler named MaGate, which is developed within the SmartGRID project and focuses on grid scheduler interoperation. The MaGate scheduler is modular structured, and emphasizes the functionality, procedure and policy of delegating local unsuited jobs to appropriate remote MaGates within the same grid system. To avoid an isolated solution, web services and several existing and emerging grid standards are adopted, as well as a series of interfaces to both publish MaGate capabilities and integrate functionalities from external grid components. Meanwhile, a specific swarm intelligence solution is employed as a critical complementary service for MaGate to maintain an optimized peer-to-peer overlay that supports efficient resource discovery. Regarding evaluation, the effectiveness brought by job sharing within a physically connected grid community with the use of the MaGate has been illustrated by means of experiments on communities of different scale, and under various scenarios.

Keywords: Grid Computing, Meta-Scheduling, MaGate Scheduler, Scheduling, SmartGRID

INTRODUCTION

The grid scheduling service, also known as super-scheduling (Schopf, 2003), is defined as “scheduling job across grid resources such as computational clusters, parallel supercomputers, desktop machines that belong to different administrative domains”. It is a crucial component for grid computing infrastructures because it determines the effectiveness and efficiency of a grid system by identifying, characterizing, discovering, selecting, and allocating the resources that are best suited for a particular job.

Grid scheduling is a critical but complex task. The heterogeneous and distributed nature of grid systems imposes additional constraints on scheduling services, such as lack of remote resource control, or incomplete overall knowledge of the grid system.

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Besides the theoretical issues, the realities of grid scheduler design and implementation have made things even more complicated. Existing grid schedulers typically depend on (or are completely integrated in) some particular grid middleware. Therefore, it is a nontrivial task to migrate a grid scheduler from one middleware to another, or to exchange messages between schedulers, or to delegate jobs between different types of scheduler. Grid schedulers designed upon various middlewares respectively can be regarded as a set of heterogeneous grid schedulers.

The contribution of this paper is the design of a decentralized modular high-level grid scheduler named MaGate. The MaGate scheduler dedicates to improve the rate of successfully executed jobs submitted to the same grid community, by means of interacting with each other and delegating jobs amongst all participating nodes of the community. In other words, the MaGate schedulers are driven to co-operated with each other, to provide intelligent scheduling for the scope of serving the grid community as a whole, not just for a single grid node individually.

To achieve the purpose mentioned above, the MaGate scheduler emphasizes on several relevant issues: (i) the approach of discovering remote resources dynamically and efficiently; (ii) the community policy of determining jobs to delegate remotely, and acceptance of arrived remote jobs; (iii) the platform independent communication protocol to facilitate the interaction between different MaGate schedulers on heterogenous nodes; (iv) the negotiation procedure to tackle various job delegation scenarios flexibly, i.e., job delegation accept/reject/conditional reject, job delegation proxy and forwarding, etc.

The MaGate is being developed within the SmartGRID project (Huang, Brocco, Kuonen, Courant, & Hirsbrunner, 2008), which aims at improving the efficiency of existing grids through a modular, layered architecture: the Smart Resource Management Layer (SRML) to support grid scheduling, and the Smart Signaling Layer (SSL) to provide resource discovery. Furthermore, communication between layers is mediated by means of the Datawarehouse Interface (DWI).

The Smart Resource Management Layer (SRML) is comprised of a set of MaGates. Each MaGate is composed of a set of loosely coupled modules, in order to tackle several critical issues raised by grid scheduling, such as:

- Standard-compliant interaction between different grid schedulers. In order to guarantee the interoperability, extensibility and reusability of MaGates, all input and output communication protocols and data formats are designed to be based on existing and emerging standards, especially for job representation, resource modeling, resource capabilities advertisement, and negotiation agreement management.

- Dynamic resource discovery. It is fundamentally important to be able to efficiently discover resources in a dynamic network. Our work tackles this issue by using a self-structured peer-to-peer overlay network, constructed and maintained using ant colony algorithms, whose intrinsic design, adaptiveness and robustness provide an optimal platform for resource discovery and monitoring mechanisms.

- Infrastructure independent job allocation and management. Infrastructure independence is a nontrivial issue, and the main difficulty lies on the semantics. To overcome such a problem requires either to find a common denominator to hide the infrastructure differences, or to develop separate adaptors for each diverse infrastructure respectively. In order to minimize the work related with this issue, and to provide interoperability and reusability, MaGate relies on the unified interfaces provided by standardized specifications, to achieve infrastructure independent job allocation and management.

- Platform independent interface to external grid services. Presently, the grid community has realized the importance of standardizing grid solutions, and developed many
Software Defined Cognitive Radio Network Framework: Design and Evaluation
www.igi-global.com/article/software-defined-cognitive-radio-network-framework/128358?camid=4v1a